

Chloro Mate™

salt water chlorInator

INSTALLATION & OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



MODEL: SP RANGE





TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	Important	Warnings and Safety Instructions
	1.1	Important Warnings
	1.2	Important Safety Instructions
2.	General Ov	erview
	2.1	Recommendations and Helpful Hints
	2.2	Contents
	2.3	Tools Needed
3.	Pool Prepa	ration
4.	Power Pac	k & Cell Electrode Installation
	4.1	Power Pack Installation
	4.2	Cell Electrode Installation
	4.3	Installation Diagram
5.	Power Pack	Operation
	5.1	Timer Switch
	5.2	Cell Switch
	5.3	Circuit Breaker
	5.4	AC Socket (Pump Outlet)
	5.5	Junction Box
	5.6	+ and – Buttons
	5.7	Output LEDS's
	5.8	Direction LED
	5.9	Water Flow LED
	5.10	Salt Test
	5.11	Start Up Procedure
6.	Timer Setti	ng1
7.	Water Che	mistry1
8.	Chlorinato	Maintenance
	8.1	Inspecting and Cleaning the Power Pack
	8.2	Inspecting and Cleaning the Cell Electrode
9.	Chlorinato	r Troubleshooting
10.	Specification	on Table1
11.	Warranty	1
12.	Technical 9	Support2

1. IMPORTANT WARNINGS & SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 Important Warnings



This manual contains important information about the installation, operation and safe use of this product. This information should be given to the owner and/or operator of this equipment. When installing and using this electrical equipment, basic safety precautions should always be followed. Failure to follow safety warnings and instructions in this manual can result in serious injury and/or damage to your equipment. Read and follow all warning notices and instructions which are included in this manual.

The Power Pack internally contains live components. There is a danger of electric shock if opened. If the power cord is damaged then it should be replaced by the manufacturer, their agent or similar qualified person, in order to avoid a hazard. The product shall be installed according to AS/NZS 3000 wiring rules. It shall be installed outside the pool zone.

1.2 Important Safety Instructions



To reduce the risk of injury, do not permit young children to use this product unless they have been trained by the person responsible for their safety and they acknowledge their ability to use such equipment. To reduce the risk of accidents or incidents, service on the unit should only be performed by a qualified pool service professional.



When mixing acid with water, ALWAYS ADD ACID TO WATER. NEVER ADD WATER TO ACID.



DO NOT PLUG UNIT IN IF CARTON HAS BEEN WET.



CHLORINE GAS BUILDUP CAN OCCUR WITH IMPROPER WIRING: To reduce the risk of personal injury the Power Pack is designed so that the Electrolytic Cell will only receive power when the pool pump is on. Otherwise, dangerous chlorine gas build—up can occur. If the pump is not installed to the AC Socket (pump outlet) on the Power Pack then the installer must ensure that the Electrolytic Cell is never energised when the pool pump is OFF or water is not flowing through the unit.

2. GENERAL OVERVIEW

Congratulations on your recent purchase of your Chloromate™ Salt Water Chlorinator. Please take a moment to read through the entire manual before installing your new unit. Your chlorinator must be installed and operated as specified.

While every effort has been made to ensure that the information contained in this guide is accurate and complete, no liability can be accepted for any errors or omissions. Profacture reserves the right to change the specifications of the hardware and software described herein at any time without prior notice.

Please remember that your Chloromate™ Salt Water Chlorinator is not designed to chemically maintain your pool water and keep it balanced, but rather to produce chlorine from a mild salt solution within the water. We encourage regular water testing, balancing and correction if & when required to maintain the recommended balanced levels of your pool water. This is a vital part of a complete maintenance program and will ensure trouble free performance as well as a healthy and sparkling clean pool.

The ChloromateTM range is a reverse polarity model known as SP, which is a reversing design and automatically changes direction every 5-10hrs (depending on your setting). This change of polarity causes the calcium to dislodge and keep the cell plates clean. Please note occasional cleaning of the electrode plates may be necessary.

2.1 Recommendations and Helpful Hints

- Read and keep your manual in a safe place.
- Increase chlorine production when temperature goes up.
- Increase chlorine production when number of swimmers increases.
- Use Stabiliser (Cyanuric Acid) to stabilise Chlorine in Pool.
- Decrease production when temperature goes down (during winter).
- Take pool water sample to your pool professional at least twice a month.

2.2 Contents



Chloromate Power Pack



Chloromate Cell Housing & Electrode



The Installation & Operating Instructions



2x50/40 Reducing Bushes



2x green wall plugs with screws

2.3 Tools Needed



Drill with 7.0mm drill bit



Basic PVC fittings





No.2 Phillips head screwdriver

3. POOL PREPARATION

Before operating your Chloromate™ unit please read the following:



- Check your salt levels with your local pool professional before installing your unit.
- Salt levels should ideally be 3500 4500ppm and no more than 5000ppm.
- NEVER ADD SALT DIRECTLY TO THE SKIMMER BOX. This high concentration of salt will
 pass through your filtration, pump and other pool equipment.
- Salt levels above 4000ppm may overload the unit and cause excessive heat.
- For all new pool installations please seek advice from your pool builder before adding salt as some new surfaces request no salt to be added when initially completed.

Handy Tips

- The colder the water the lower your output but this does not mean you need more salt. There will always be less chlorine demand in colder water.
- We recommend 3.5kg per 1000 litres (1 cubM) of pool water and a 50 000 litre (50 cubM) new pool needs approximately 175kg of salt.
- The unit can operate on mineral/magnesium chloride salts and you should allow an extra 20 – 30% on the ppm for these type of salts.
- Salt should always be added to the shallow end of the pool and allowed to dissolve.
 Do not let the salt settle on the floor of the pool as this may cause damage to the surface.
 Use your pool brush to mix the salt into the water.
- Running the pump will mix the water and help the salt to dissolve.
- Only run the pump in the first 8 12 hours (ensure the cell is switched off) to allow the salt to dissolve.
- If you press the + button until you reach the top LED (no. 8) then let go and wait for the output to settle then if all 8 LEDs are on then there is enough salt if it does not reach the top 8th LED then you either need salt or if the cell is old it may need replacing.

4. POWER PACK & CELL ELECTRODE INSTALLATION

4.1 Power Pack Installation



- The Chloromate[™] Power Pack has a Ingress Protection Rating of IP23 enabling it to be installed outdoors. Regulations require that the Power Pack shall be installed outside the pool zone.
- The Power Pack shall be installed according to AS/NZS 3000 wiring rules.
- The Power Pack should be installed in a well ventilated position ideally away from sunlight and rain to prolong life and at least 1m above ground to prevent run off water entry.
- Ensure that the Power Pack is not stored near chemicals, fertilisers or in a closed unventilated shed with similar products as the fumes will cause excessive corrosion and damage to the Power Pack and Control Board.
- When mounting the Power Pack on a post it is recommended to install a flat panel at least the size of the Power Pack to act as a waterproof backing plate.
- Mount the Power Pack with the Green Plugs and Mounting Screws provided.



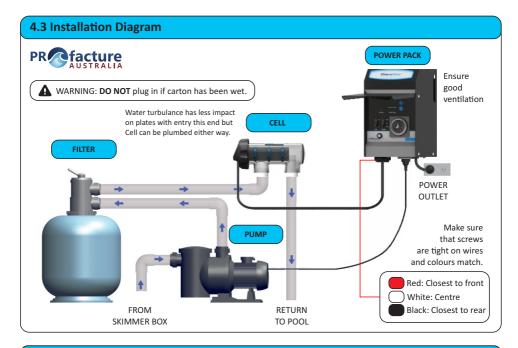
The Power Pack should be mounted no further than 1.5 metres from the Chlorinator Cell, for ease of operation of the controls on the Power Pack.

4.2 Cell Electrode Installation



- Connect the Cell Housing horizontally in the return line to the pool (use reducing bushes supplied if 40mm PVC pipe) using high pressure PVC glue. The Cell Housing can be mounted vertically but provision must be made for a gas trap.
- Direction of water flow though the Cell Housing is not critical although we do recommend entry from the closed end of the Cell Housing and exit from the end closest to the Cell Locking Ring. The reason is to cause less water hammer over time on the cell plates.
- Check that the O-ring is clean, greased with silicone grease (DO NOT use petroleum based jelly) and securely located in the Cell Housing.
- Fit the Cell Electrode and ensure Cell Locking Ring is firmly tightened by hand (**DO NOT** use a tool to tighten).
- Connect the leads from the Cell Electrode to the Junction Box under the Power Pack
 ensuring the colours match that indicated on the Junction Box (RED closest to the front,
 WHITE in the middle and BLACK closest to the rear).
- Plug the Power Pack 3 pin plug into a suitable weatherproof RCD protected 10amp outlet and then plug the pump into the 3 pin AC Socket located at the bottom of the Power Pack.

4. POWER PACK & CELL ELECTRODE INSTALLATION



Important Notes



- · The pump rating must not exceed 8amps.
- Saltwater may damage Junction Box and electrical components in the Power Pack.
- DO NOT use a drill to tighten Junction Box screws this may strip them use a hand held screw driver.

WARNING:

- We DO NOT recommend the use of valves on the inlet or outlet of the cell housing. If you
 do use a valve then it is important to ensure that the valve cannot deadhead (lock closed)
 while the pump is running. It is the installers responsibility to ensure some form of flow
 control is installed in this instance and it disables the pump.
- ALWAYS ensure that pipe work and equipment do not allow gases generated from the cell
 to collect and build up in any part of the installation.
- It is RECOMMENDED that the Cell Housing be installed horizontally to create a natural gas
 trap that acts as a safety device. Installation in any other way may cause explosion, injury
 or death if the installer does not allow for gas removal.
- The Cell Housing must be installed in the RETURN pipework to the pool. It must always be installed after the filter, gas heater, solar heating or heat pump.
- DO NOT apply priming fluid to the Cell Housing, it is not needed and may react with the
 plastic.

5. POWER PACK OPERATION

5.1 Power Switch

This switch position determines whether the unit is manually turned on, automatically controlled by the Timer or OFF.

- Timer Position the time clock controls the operating hours. See section 6 for Timer Setting.
- Manual Position the unit is on and both the pump AC Socket and Cell will be powered up.
- OFF Position the unit is off and both the pump AC Socket and Cell will be off.

5.2 Cell Switch

This switch position determines whether the Cell is turned on or off when power is supplied to it from the above Timer Switch.

- OFF Position even if the Timer Switch is powered on there will still be no power to the Cell.
- **ON Position** if Timer Switch is powered on then there will be power to the Cell.
- Changing Direction while the unit is running you can change direction by turning off the Cell Switch, wait 3 seconds then turn it on again. The direction should change. If it does not then repeat this again and it should change direction.

5.3 Circuit Breaker

A Circuit Breaker is an automatically operated electrical switch designed to protect an electrical circuit from damage caused by overcurrent, overload or short circuit. It can be reset by pressing the button in after it has tripped. It may be damaged if you supply excessively high levels of salt through the Cell.

5.4 AC Socket (Pump Outlet)

The AC Socket allows the pump to be electrically operated and controlled by the Power Pack. **WARNING:** If you fail to control the pump this way then you must allow for a flow switch mechanism to control the electrical supply to the Power Pack, so as to prevent gas build up if the pump stops.

5.5 Junction Box

The Junction Box allows rectified DC voltage to be coupled to the Cell. This is where the Cell cable is connected to the Power Pack.

5.6 + and - Buttons

Simply press the – Button and the chlorine production will automatically decrease by approximately 15%. Press the + Button and the chlorine production will increase by approximately 15%. When all green LED Output Lights are on this indicates 100% output.

5.7 Output LEDS's

There are 8 Output LED's on your Chloromate display. Each one of the LED's indicate the chlorine production output.

5. POWER PACK OPERATION

5.8 Direction LED

Above the timer is a Direction LED indicating the Cell Electrode direction at that particular time. Solid Green indicates Forward and Flashing indicates Reverse. The reversing times can be changed from 5 to 7.5 and 10 hours, please contact your local Profacture agent for assistance.

5.9 Water Flow LED

A Water Flow sensor comes standard with your Chloromate unit. If flashing Red this indicates insufficient flow of water in the cell housing or a fault. Contact your local Profacture agent for assistance.

5.10 Salt Test

Salt Test allows you to check if the salt levels are correct, be pressing the + Button and holding it for 5 seconds. All 8 Output LED's indicate salt levels are correct and if they do not reach 8 then salt levels need to be checked or contact your local Profacture agent for assistance.

5.11 Start Up Procedure

- Ensure 10amp wall outlet supply switch is turned "OFF".
- Cell Switch in the "OFF" position.
- Timer Switch in the "MANUAL" position.
- Turn the 10amp wall outlet supply switch "ON".
- The pump should start up and prime.
- Allow the pump to run for 2 minutes and repair any leaks if needed.
- Turn the Cell Switch to "ON" until all 8 Green LED's light up.
- Set the Timer to run 6 10 hours in the summer and 3 6 hours in the winter. Refer to sec. 6
- Timer Setting for further details.
- Now turn the Timer Switch to "AUTO" and leave it here to run automatically.

All Chloromate™ Self Cleaning models are controlled by a Micro-Chip controller that performs several functions, including the change of current direction and water sensing.

6. TIMER SETTING



Your Chloromate™ unit comes with a simple to operate quartz mechanical Timer which has a built in battery back up function.

This area of set up is critical and we recommend you take time to read it and understand why we recommend certain settings.

Obviously sunlight and higher bather loads in summer dissipate more chlorine than in winter. That is why you need to check your chlorine reading regularly and adjust your settings when required.

It is recommended to run the unit for 2 periods every day (early morning and evening) when the sun extracts the least amount of chlorine from the pool, giving it time to do its work.

Summer Settings



Ideally, run for 4 hours in the morning (6-10am) and 4 hours in the evening (4-8pm). For a smaller pool you can run less hours. In extreme weather it may be necessary to run longer hours.

Winter Settings



In winter you should lower your running time by up to 50% of your summer setting depending on your free chlorine levels. You should ideally run 2-3 hours in the morning and 2-3 hours in the evening. This preserves and extends the life of your equipment.

Important Notes



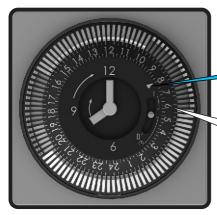
The Timer Switch will override the Timer when it is in the Manual position. For timer settings to control the unit the Timer Switch needs to be in the AUTO position.

WARNING:

ALWAYS TURN THE CLOCK FACE CLOCKWISE NEVER ANTI – CLOCKWISE. You will strip plastic gears and damage the Timer.

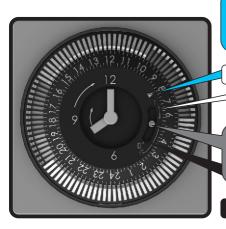
6. TIMER SETTING

To adjust the time of the clock, simply hold the outside of the white segments and turn the dial until the clock reads the right time and the number near the timer on/off arrow is close to the same number.



This time is set at 8:00am and the dial pointer shows the 8:00 position as does the clock face hands

The Timer comes on where the pins that are pressed out reach the White dial pointer (in this case it will be from 6-10am and 4-8pm)



When White adjustable segment pins reach this dial pointer (in AUTOMATIC position)

the Power Pack turns: ON if pins pressed out

OFF if pins pulled in

With White Lever in this position power pack is **ON**

With White Lever in this position Power Pack is in AUTOMATIC and the timer setting turns it **ON/OFF**

With White Lever in this position Power Pack is OFF

Your Timer is simple to use, easy to understand and a reliable well known design. It has a battery back up function if you operate your pool equipment from a low tariff supply that turns off at times. It does require at least 12 hours charging at first but simply leave it alone and it will charge itself as required.

7. WATER CHEMISTRY



The Chloromate™ unit is designed for use with swimming pool water balanced in accordance with the Langelier Saturation Index with a pH range of 6.8 – 7.8.

As previously advised, for best performance and operation of your Chloromate™ unit, certain water balances must be maintained within your swimming pool. Have your water tested regularly. Transport the test water in an opaque container and have the test done as soon as possible for the most accurate results. What follows is a list of recommended water chemistry levels.

7.1 Chlorine

Measurement Interval: Once a week

Ideal Chlorine (Free Chlorine) Levels: 2 – 3ppm (2 – 3mg/L) and no more than 4ppm (4mg/L).

Adjust the chlorine output by pressing + Button to increase and – Button to decrease. Running the unit for longer or shorter hours can achieve the same result.

7.2 Salt

Measurement Interval: Every 4 – 6 weeks

Ideal Salt Levels: 3500 – 4500 ppm and no more than 5000 ppm.

Although salt is not consumed by the Chlorinator, salt is lost during backwashing, pool overflow, splashing and on bathers that use it. The correct salt level allows for the most efficient production levels and electricity consumption.

The salt level **SHOULD NOT** go below 3000ppm. Operating the unit with too little salt in the pool will cause damage to your Cell.

Salt is the essential element by which your unit operates. Not enough salt means not enough chlorine—this simple rule governs the total operation of your Chloromate™ unit, and insufficient salt will damage your Cell.

The unit will operate with good stability on higher salt levels but it is still advisable to run at the correct level to prevent damage. Salt levels above 5000ppm may overload the unit and cause excessive heat.

Important Notes



- NEVER ADD SALT DIRECTLY TO THE SKIMMER BOX. This high concentration of salt will pass through your filtration, pump and other pool equipment.
- HANDY TIP 1: When all green LED Output Lights are on this indicates 100% output. DO NOT ADD ANY MORE SALT.
- HANDY TIP 2: If the + Button has been pressed to the top and all Green LED Output Lights do
 not reach 8, then salt levels need to be checked or contact your local Profacture agent for
 assistance.
- The colder the water the lower your output but this does not mean you need more salt. There
 will always be less chlorine demand in colder water.
- We recommend 3.5kg per 1000 litres of pool water and a 50 000 lt new pool needs approximately 175kg of salt.
- The unit can operate on mineral/magnesium chloride salts and you should allow an extra 20 – 30% on the ppm for these type of salts.
- Salt should always be added to the shallow end of the pool and allowed to dissolve. Do not let
 the salt settle on the floor of the pool as this may cause damage to the surface. Use your pool
 brush to mix the salt into the water.
- Running the pump will mix the water and help the salt to dissolve.
- Only run the pump in the first 8 12 hours (ensure the Cell is switched off) to allow the salt to dissolve.
- Low salt levels (<1500ppm) will destroy the coating on the Cell and void the warranty.

7. WATER CHEMISTRY

7.3 pH

Measurement Interval: Once a week

Ideal pH Levels: • Concrete Pools: 7.4 – 7.6

• Fibreglass/Vinyl Pools: 7.0 – 7.2

A pH of 8.0 makes your chlorine only about 26% efficient so that is why it is critical to keep your pH in range.

A correct pH level must be maintained to prevent problems such as black spot, staining, cloudy water, etc. An incorrect pH level can damage the surface finish and walls of your pool.

- When pH is high you can add hydrochloric acid to lower the pH.
- When pH is low you can add sodium carbonate (soda ash) to increase the pH.

7.4 Total Alkalinity

Measurement Interval: Every 4 – 6 weeks

Ideal Total Alkalinity Levels: • Concrete Pools: 80 – 150ppm

• Fibreglass/Vinyl Pools: 80 - 120ppm

Total Alkalinity should not be confused with pH, although the two are closely related. Total Alkalinity determines the speed and ease of pH change, it is measured in ppm. You should use a test kit which includes a test for Total Alkalinity. Low Total Alkalinity can cause unstable pH levels. This causes an inability to keep the pH constant and may cause staining, etching and corrosion of metals. High Total Alkalinity will cause constantly high pH levels.

- When Total Alkalinity is high you can add hydrochloric acid (a little at a time) to lower the Total Alkalinity.
- When Total Alkalinity is low you can add sodium bicarbonate (buffer/baking soda) to raise the Total Alkalinity.

7.5 Calcium Hardness

Measurement Interval: Every 3 months

Ideal Calcium Hardness Levels: • Concrete Pools: 250 – 300ppm

• Fibreglass/Vinyl Pools: 150 – 190ppm

In addition to pH and Total Alkalinity, Calcium Hardness must be kept in balance so that your pool water does not become too corrosive or end up scaling the surface of your pool. These are symptoms of swimming pool water that is unbalanced.

7.6 Stabiliser

Measurement Interval: Every 4 – 6 weeks

Ideal Stabiliser Levels: 30 - 70ppm

The importance of pool Stabiliser cannot be over emphasised. It is essential in helping retain chlorine in your pool. Chlorine is rapidly dissipated by sunlight and the use of Stabiliser will reduce this dissipation dramatically. Without Stabiliser, it may be necessary to run the unit for longer hours.

THE MOST IMPORTANT NOTICE AND WARNING



Only add chemical in the method and quantities as indicated on the packaging provided or advised by your local pool professional. Also, if in doubt of any results you achieve then do not hesitate to consult with your local pool professional.

8. CHLORINATOR MAINTENANCE



Maintenance of your Chloromate™ Salt Water Chlorinator is simple and a saltwater chlorinator has to be one of the most productive pieces of equipment on your swimming pool so it requires some basic maintenance.

While water chemistry will always be the most important form of maintenance there are also other hints and pointers to take note of.

- **DO NOT** cover the Power Pack with towels or similar. There are vents that could be closed and these need air to keep the unit cool.
- To extend the life of your unit we always recommend installation in an under cover area away from the elements.
- Placing the unit in a closed shed or similar environment with chemicals, fertilisers and other corrosives will damage the unit and could void your warranty.
- Keep the chlorinator off at all times during backwash cleaning of your filter by turning the Cell Switch to the OFF position. Please remember to turn it on once done and return the unit to AUTO mode.
- Check that the Power Pack Junction Box screws are tight and cell leads are in sound condition at least once a year.

8.1 Inspecting and Cleaning the Power Pack

Little or no maintenance is normally required with the Chloromate™ Chlorinator Power Pack.

Ensure the Power Pack 3 pin plug plugs into a suitable weatherproof RCD protected 10amp outlet. Ensure that the pump plugs into the 3 pin AC Socket located at the bottom of the Power Pack. Check all plugs and cords for damage. If damaged then it should be replaced by the manufacturer, their agent or similar qualified person, in order to avoid a hazard.

If the chlorinator is to be hard wired, then a qualified electrician must complete the installation.

The Chloromate[™] Chlorinator Power Pack has small air vents to allow internal components to remain cool in hot weather. The Chloromate[™] Chlorinator has a special oil spray applied to the inside of the unit during production to stop the insects from entering the unit. To help assist in keeping the insects away, apply a surface spray periodically on the wall or post that the unit is mounted on. **DO NOT** spray directly into the Power Pack and make sure the power is off when you spray. Allow adequate time for the spray to dry before turning power on again.

8.2. Inspecting and Cleaning the Cell Electrode

Reverse Polarity cells (SP models) should not normally require cleaning, however, in areas with very hard water all calcium may not be removed. A calcium deposit might form on the lower areas of the cell, the sensor or the sides of the cell plates. This will NOT affect the operation of your chlorinator.

All salt chlorinator cells must be cleaned before scale/calcium builds up to the point where the electrode gaps in the Cell are bridged. If the Cell has excessive calcium deposit, this may damage the electrode coating, as the bridging causes rubbing on the plate coating and this will affect the operation.

Check the Cell frequently to prevent the accumulation of pool debris that for any reason may have by-passed the pool filter, particularly after backwashing.

Check that the O-ring is clean, greased with silicone grease (**DO NOT** use petroleum based jelly) and securely located in the Cell Housing.

For cleaning, please follow these steps:

- Switch off the wall outlet switch as this ensures the pump and Chloromate™ unit will not turn on.
- Unscrew the Cell Locking Ring and remove the electrode for inspection. If calcium build—up is present, immerse the electrode in cell cleaning solution.
- A solution can be made by mixing 1 part hydrochloric acid to 10 parts of water.
 If excessive build up is present a stronger solution may be used to remove the calcium.
 Using 5 parts of water will make a more aggressive solution but will not damage the Cell.
 You can use Cell Cleaning Solutions and if you do then follow the instruction supplied.
- Allow the cleaning solution to dissolve the calcium deposits for 10 minutes. Dispose
 of the cleaning solution at an approved Council Depot and never into storm water or
 sewage drains.

HANDY TIP: Returning this mix to your pool only returns the calcium you just removed, so you may be better off reusing the solution until exhausted then disposing of it. Always store this solution in a safe method as advised on the container.

- Do not scratch or bend the cell plates in the Cell Housing.
- Ensure that the O-ring is clean, greased and properly seated.
- Rinse the electrode in clean water and re-fit the electrode in the Cell Housing, ensuring that the Cell Locking Ring is hand tight and secure.
- Turn on the wall outlet switch and the pump and chlorinator will return to the mode it was
 in before
- Turn on the unit and confirm chlorine output and timer settings on the Power Pack.

WARNING



When mixing acid with water, ALWAYS ADD ACID TO WATER. NEVER ADD WATER TO ACID.

 $\ \, \text{Eye Protection, mask and gloves should be worn when cleaning the cell.} \\$

9. CHLORINATOR TROUBLESHOOTING

If you suspect for any reason your Chloromate™ Chlorinator is not performing or running as it should be, here are some handy troubleshooting tips that may assist you.

9.1 Not operating at all – no lights					
Potential Cause	Remedy				
Not plugged into power point or power point	Check that unit power cord goes into wall				
not turned on	outlet and outlet is turned on				
Plugged into power point and turned on but still	Test wall outlet with a working appliance				
no power					
Wall outlet working but still no power	Press Timer Switch to MANUAL				
Timer Switch in MANUAL still no lights	If you have checked all of the above then there				

9.2 Not operating at all - some lights				
Potential Cause	Remedy			
When Timer Switch in MANUAL everything	1. Incorrect setting of Timer – see Timer Setting (sec. 6)			
works but nothing works in AUTO	2. Faulty Timer – call for service			
When in MANUAL only the pump works	Press in Circuit Breaker on Power Pack Make sure Cell Switch is ON			
Circuit Breaker stays out in a tripped state	Faulty Circuit Breaker – call for service			
Circuit Breaker resets but trips again	Excessively high salt – check salt and lower it if needed Short across Cell plates – remove Cell and check the plates for any metal lying across plates Faulty Rectifiers, Transformer or Cell cable – call for service			
Cell Switch ON but no LED output display	Try pressing the + Button If green LED's do not increase Check Cell lead connection at the Junction Box, repair if damaged or return for service			
Water Flow LED flashing RED - low or no water flow	Ensure sufficient water flow through Chlorinator Cell Check that the pump is on and running Look for air pocket – perform backwash if needed Check skimmer and pump baskets are clean and securely tightened Check for suction leaks Seek advice from a pool professional for any of the above			

9.3 + Button not fully pressed			
Potential Cause	Remedy		
Green Output LED's not at 100%	Press the + Button Output should increase		
Low salt level	Check salt level (sec. 7.2)		
Duild up of solaium on the Call plates	Calcium acts as an insulator and needs to be removed		
Build up of calcium on the Cell plates	See Cleaning of Cell Electrode (sec. 8.2)		
Water temperature is low	Winter water temperature can be very low		
Water temperature is low	For every 1°C below 28°C the output can drop 2-3%		
	Check water flow and ensure a full chamber of water is		
Insufficient water flow through the Cell	passing over the Cell		
	You may need to backwash your filter		
	Damaged coating will reduce cell life and reduce output		
The Cell could be damaged or at the end of its life	If all conditions are correct then Cell could be at the end		
	of its life		
Level low in one direction but OK in the other	Cell may need cleaning (sec. 8.2) or the Cell may have		
Level low in one direction but ok in the other	run its life in one direction		

9. CHLORINATOR TROUBLESHOOTING

9.4 Sign of melting or burning of the Junction Box					
Potential Cause	Remedy				
The screws were not adequately tightened during installation	If melted then it will need replacing otherwise				
	tighten as required				
Installation	Return for service if melted				

9.5 Power Pack only works in one direction	
Potential Cause	Remedy
Faulty Rectifiers, Transformer or PCB	Return unit for service

9.6 Timer is not functioning properly				
Potential Cause	Remedy			
Incorrect Timer settings	Make sure Timer Switch is set to AUTO and White Lever in the centre of Timer is set to time clock position and not "I" or "O" Refer to Timer Setting in this manual (sec. 6)			

9.7 Pool pump outlet not functioning properly or pump always on					
Potential Cause Remedy					
Pump not plugged into chlorinator	Check that pump is plugged into the bottom of the Power Pack and not directly in to the wall outlet Make sure you are set in AUTO mode and not MANUAL for normal running				

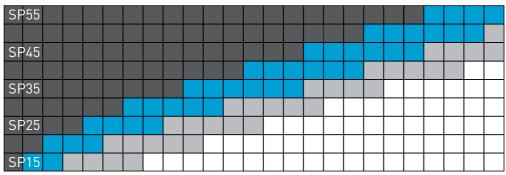
9.8 Cell not cleaning, excessive calcium build up on Cell or Power Pack not changing direction					
Potential Cause	Remedy				
Excessively high calcium, change of direction time set too high or faulty PCB	See Calcium Hardness test (sec. 7.5) and adjust water accordingly Change the Hard/Soft Switch to HARD (sec. 5.9) Manually try reverse direction (sec. 5.2 - Cell Switch Changing Direction). Failure for this to work could indicate a faulty PCB - return for service				

9.9 Low or No Chlorine Output					
Potential Cause	Remedy				
Unit not working correctly	Go through Troubleshooting from 9.2				
Unit not set correctly	Basic settings such as Output Control and Timer running				
Salt level is to low	hours need to be checked Check Salt guide (sec. 7.2)				
pH is too high	Check pH guide (sec. 7.3)				
Stabiliser is too low	Check Stabiliser guide (sec. 7.6)				
Cell at the ends of its life					

9.10 Timer loses time when mains power removed				
Potential Cause	Remedy			
Battery life expired	Replace Timer - return for service			

10. SPECIFICATION TABLE

CHLORINATOR SIZING CHART



< 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 150 POOL SIZE (1.000 LITRES)

- Tropical Climates (Noosa & North)
- Warmer Climates (Sydney to Brisbane)
 - Cooler Climates (Melborne, Adelaide, etc.)

Based on 8hrs per day running and balanced water chemistry. In very low bather load you can downsize by 10-20%. In domestic pools try oversize by 20-30%. Commercial pools add 100% extra to tropical climate sizing.

CHLORINE PRODUCTION

	Per Hour		Over 8 Hours			
MODEL	Chlorine Output	Cal.hypo. Equivalent (65%)	Sod.hypo. Equivalent (12.5%)	Chlorine Output	Cal.hypo. Equivalent (65%)	Sod.hypo. Equivalent (12.5%)
SP15	15g	23g	120ml	120g	184g	0.96Lt
SP25	25g	38g	200ml	200g	304g	1.60Lt
SP35	35g	54g	280ml	280g	432g	2.24Lt
SP45	45g	69g	360ml	360g	552g	2.88Lt
SP55	55g	85g	440ml	440g	680g	3.52Lt

SPECIFICATION TABLE

MODEL	VOLTS (Vac) Input	AMPS* (Aac) Input	Power* Consumption (Watts)	AMPS* (Adc) Output	VOLTS* (Vdc) Output	Frequency (Hz)	Weight (kg)	Dimensions (cm)
SP15	210-265	0.80	188.5	15.0	8.89	50	9.2	41L x 35W x 19H
SP25	210–265	1.34	318.0	25.0	8.14	50	10.9	41L x 35W x 19H
SP35	210–265	0.99	227.5	17.5	8.85	50	12.0	41L x 35W x 19H
SP45	210-265	1.49	320.7	22.5	8.90	50	13.5	41L x 35W x 19H
SP55	210–265	1.58	352.0	27.5	8.35	50	14.3	41L x 35W x 19H

THIS EQUIPMENT HAS BEEN MANUFACTURED AND TESTED TO THE HIGHEST STANDARD AND ACCORDINGLY CARRIES THE FOLLOWING WARRANTY.

- 11.1 The Chloromate™ Power Pack will be repaired at no charge for a period of 24 Months from the date of purchase should it be found, after examination, that the failure has been caused by faulty workmanship or materials. This is a back to base warranty. The Electrolytic Cell carries a 1 year repair / replacement + 4 years pro-rata warranty (based on a percentage of the recommended retail price nominated by the manufacturer).
 - *The warranty applicable to commercial application is limited to 12 months from the date of installation unless a commercial model is purchased then this is 24 months.
- 11.2 Adverse operating conditions beyond the control of the manufacturer such as improper voltage or water pressure, excessive ambient temperature or any condition that adversely affects the performance of the equipment will render this warranty null and void.
- 11.3 Defective equipment must be returned to the manufacturer or dealer as soon as the purchaser becomes aware of the defect and all transport must be prepaid. Neither the manufacturer nor the dealer shall be responsible for any goods damaged in transit.
- 11.4 If after examination the equipment is found to be defective it will be repaired or replaced free of charge (other than transport costs which will be borne by the purchaser). However, if upon inspection of the equipment it is found that the terms of this warranty are not satisfied, then the usual charges of the manufacturer for repair or replacement will be made.
- 11.5 Any liability of the manufacturer pursuant to the Trade Practices Act 1974, as amended for a breach of a condition or warranty shall be limited to replacing or acquiring the equipment (or part thereof) where the same has been supplied.
- 11.6 The maximum liability incurred by the manufacturer shall not in any case exceed the contract price for the equipment or the product parts or components thereof claimed to be defective. Further, the manufacturer shall not be liable for any loss, damage or delay directly or indirectly caused by any malfunction of or defect of or failure of the equipment other than as expressly provided in this warranty.
- 11.7 Products sold by the manufacturer are designed for use with swimming pool water balanced in accordance with the Langelier Saturation Index with a pH range of 6.8-7.8. Chlorine level should not exceed 4ppm and the salt level should not exceed 4000ppm.
- **11.8** The manufacturer will not be held liable for damage caused by, but not limited to, corrosion, scaling or stress.

The Warranty is void under the following circumstances:

- Installation is carried out incorrectly by any person other than a person authorised by us to do so.
- The Power Pack or Cell is serviced by any person other than a person authorised by us to do so.
- Correct salt levels are not maintained at all times. The Power Pack is not protected from the elements.
- The Power Pack is not operated in a position/area with good ventilation.
- Water has been allowed to enter the Power Pack or Junction Box.
- Run in a commercial installation (these have a 1 year warranty on Power Pack and Cell unless a commercial model is purchased then this is 24 months).
- Insect infestation or penetration by dust, sand or other foreign particles inside the Power Pack.
- · Damage beyond our control.
- Equipment that has been misused, neglected, damaged, repaired without authorisation or altered in any
 way.

This warranty is applicable to workmanship and materials only.

This warranty is not transferable under any circumstance.

This unit is for use in domestic swimming pools only where the correct size unit produces enough chlorine in approx. 8 hours. Extended periods to gain more chlorine production voids the Warranty.

Keep your original purchase invoice and serial number in a safe place.

11. WARRANTY

Claiming Warranty on your Chloromate™

When making a warranty claim, please note the following information MUST be provided or claim may not be approved.

- Model Number
- Power Pack Serial Number
- Cell Serial Number
- Proof of Purchase showing the Purchase Date and Purchased From
- Installation Date

- Installer
- Your Full Name
- Your Phone number
- Your Address Details
- . Details of the Issue

We keep extensive production and sales records so this information will expedite the processing of your claim.

Profacture reserve the right to modify any model without notice.

12. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For all warranty enquiries please contact your local distributor or contact Profacture directly and we will either direct you to your nearest authorised repairer or assist you with your enquiry.

Profacture Contact Details

P - 0893543588

F - 08 9354 3566

E - service@profacture.com

W - www.profacture.com.au



Disclaimer

Information in this guide is intended to provide general information on a particular subject(s) in good faith and is not an exhaustive treatment of such subject(s). Its use is beyond the control of the author, contributor, publishers and distributors and should not be relied upon without consulting qualified, professional and comprehensive advice.

This guide includes subject(s) that should only be performed by or under the direction and advice of qualified and licenced professionals and under no circumstances should the guide be used as a substitute for such professionals.

No representations or warranties are made that the content, advice and recommendations in this guide are current, free from errors or omissions, or appropriate for the user's circumstances or abilities. No liability or responsibility is accepted for any loss suffered as a result of any user's reliance on such content.

Repairs should only be carried out by qualified persons or Chloromate™ appointed agents. Profacture reserve the right to refuse warranty if any damage caused to the chlorinator or auxiliary pool equipment that is not a result of a manufacturer's defect.